Devsummit – Entropy pools

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Entropy pool

- Combine environmental observations into small scrambled state.
- Reveal obscured state to kernel or userland /dev/urandom for cryptographic or Monte Carlo purposes.
- Inputs: rndsources—clock skew, envsys, hardware RNG, ...
- Outputs: seed for cprng(9), /dev/urandom
Security model

- Attacker sees some outputs of `/dev/urandom`: can’t predict unseen outputs, past or future.
- Attacker sees kernel memory: can’t predict past unseen outputs.
Current implementation

- **Input:**
  - Hardware driver calls \texttt{rnd\_add\_data}.
  - \texttt{rnd\_add\_data} acquires global mutex (!) and enters sample into global sample queue.
  - Softint processes sample queue.
  - For each sample: feed into 4096-bit LFSR.

- **Output:**
  - Compute 160-bit SHA-1 of 4096-bit LFSR state.
  - Feed hash back in as if input.
  - Reveal xor of two 80-bit halves of hash.
Crypto analysis?

- No scrutiny by cryptographers to my knowledge since it was written in 1997.
- Ad-hoc components: LFSR, SHA-1.
- Old crypto: SHA-1.
Performance analysis?

- One global sample queue protected by mutex.
- Single point of contention for all samples:
  - Every network packet?
  - Every (503rd) uvm fault?
  - Every ...?
Proposed new crypto

- Keccak-f1600: single fixed permutation of 1600-bit strings.
- Keccak-f1600 conjectured to ‘look random’.
- Can use to build hash function, MAC, PRF, block cipher, stream cipher, ...
- Keccak (SHA-3) sponge duplex construction:
  - State: 1600-bit Keccak state
  - Input: xor 1088 bits of samples into state, then apply Keccak permutation
  - Output: reveal first 256 bits of state, then apply Keccak permutation
- Proven to have same security as, e.g., SHA-3—reduces to security of Keccak permutation.
Proposed new state management

▶ Per-CPU entropy pool.
▶ Input: Xor up 1088 bits of samples into pool at a time. (No interprocessor synchronization.)
▶ Input: When buffer full, schedule softint to apply Keccak permutation; drop samples until that happens. (No interprocessor synchronization.)
▶ Output: Cross-call to extract output from all per-CPU entropy pools as input into a global entropy pool, then extract output from that one.
Questions

- Throughput of SHA-1/LFSR vs Keccak?
- Any other questions?

(... when will I have time to finish my draft implementation?)